

JUDICIAL NOTICE

SOVEREIGN CITIZEN DEFINED BY CONGRESS — MAY 3, 1940

Prepared and Tendered by:

Lane Lee Bowers

Plaintiff, Pro Se

In Support of:

Federal Civil-Rights Complaint

Civil Rights Act of 1866 — 14 Stat. 27;

Civil Rights Act of 1871 — 17 Stat. 13;

(42 U.S.C. § 1983)

Description:

EXHIBIT R contains the Joint Resolution approved **May 3, 1940** (Pub. Res. No. 68, 54 Stat. 178) establishing “*I Am An American Day*”

On page 1 of the Congressional printing — reproduced in the attached PDF — Congress expressly describes the “**sovereign citizens of our Nation**” and emphasizes “*their status in our self-governing Republic.*”

This language provides the statutory definition of **Sovereign Citizen** as one who, upon reaching majority or completing naturalization, assumes full responsibilities and privileges of citizenship within a popular-sovereignty republic.

Purpose:

To place before the Court Congress’s own terminology affirming that sovereignty resides in the People individually and collectively; hence, every natural-born or naturalized American is a “*sovereign citizen*” in the constitutional sense, not a subject to governmental discretion.

This definition undergirds Plaintiff’s capacity as principal in this matter before the court, rebutting any pejorative misuse of the term “*sovereign citizen*” by judicial officers or opposing counsel or defendants.
